## SALBUTAMOL (Ventolin) (A)

(Revised: January 2010)

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<b>TYPE:</b> Synthetic β2 receptor stimulant [S4]				
PRESENTATIONS:		Plastic nebules: 5mg in 2.5ml nebuliser solution 2.5mg in 2.5ml nebuliser solution Metered dose inhaler (MDI) – delivering 100mcg per activation		
ACTIONS:		<ol> <li>Bronchodilation</li> <li>Relaxation of involuntary muscle</li> <li>Moves K<sup>+</sup> from extracellular to intracellular space</li> <li>Onset (neb): 5 minutes. Max effect: 10 – 50 minutes.</li> </ol>		
USES:		ICP	1. Bronchospasm from any cause	AP
		ICP	2. Emergency treatment of suspected hyperkalaemia	ΑΡ
ADVERSE EFFECTS:		Rarely seen with usual nebulised therapeutic doses: 1. Tachycardia 2. Tremors 3. Hypotension		
CONTRA- INDICATION:		Known hypersensitivity		
DOSE:				
NEBULISER (via nebuliser mask or with CPAP)				
ADULT:				
ICP	<ul> <li>5mg nebule, with oxygen at 6 – 8 litres/minute – repeat as required (with moderate to severe bronchospasm, or suspected hyperkalaemia, give continuously)</li> </ul>			ΑΡ
PAEDIATRIC:				
ICP	2.5mg nebule, with oxygen at 6 – 8 litres/minute – repeat as required (with moderate to severe bronchospasm, or suspected hyperkalaemia, give continuously)			AP
MDI (via spacer or with MDI adaptor on BVM)				
ADULT >6yrs:				
ICP	10 x 100mcg (10 puffs) - repeat as requiredAP(with moderate to severe bronchospasm, or suspected hyperkalaemia, give continuously by activating the MDI every 20 - 30 seconds)AP			
PAEDIATRIC < 6 yrs:				
ICP	5 x 100mcg (5 puffs) - repeat as requiredAP(with moderate to severe bronchospasm, or suspected hyperkalaemia, give continuously by activating the MDI every 20 - 30 seconds)AP			

ACT Ambulance Service Clinical Management Guidelines